LATIHAN UJIAN NASIONAL

TAHUN PELAJARAN 2010 / 2011

PAKET 33

BAHASA INGGRIS SMP / MTs

PETUNJUK UMUM

- 1 Isikan identitas anda ke dalam Lembar Jawaban Komputer (LJK) yang tersedia dengan menggunakan pensil 2B, sesuai petunjuk di Lembar Jawaban Komputer (LJK).
- 2.Waktu yang disediakan 120 menit untuk mengerjakan tes tersebut.
- 3 Jumlah soal sebanyak 50 butir, pada setiap butir soal terdapat 4 (empat) pilihan jawaban.
- 4Periksa dan bacalah soal-soal sebelum anda menjawabnya.
- 5Laporkan kepada pengawas ujian apabila terdapat lembar soal yang kurang jelas.
- 6.Tidak diizinkan menggunakan kalkulator, HP, tabel matematika, atau alat bantu hitung lainnya.
- 7Periksa pekerjaan anda sebelum diserahkan kepada pengawas ujian.
- 8Lembar soal boleh dicoret-coret, untuk mengerjakan hitungan.



- 1. The notice above tells us that
 - a. Pedestrians should wait the green light to cross
 - b. Passangers should wait the bus at the bus stop
 - c. Students should wait to cross the road
 - d. People should wait to buy the tickets



- 2. Where can you possibly see these sign?
 - a. at the park
 - b. at the bus stop

- c. at the post box
- d. at the street map

Dear Betty,

HAPPY GRADUATION!



As you celebrate your high school graduation; this is YOUR moment.....and it has only just begun. CONGRATULATION

With love, Jenny

- 3. What does Betty has done?
 - a. Betty has just cangrutaled her friend's graduation
 - b. Betty has just said congratulation to her friend
 - c. Betty has just won a prize at her school
 - d. Betty has just finished her school

PCM 2MORO AT 4

- 4. What does the message tell you to do?
 - a. You must speak to the writer
 - b. You must come to the writer
- c. You must meet the writer
- d. You must phone the writer

The text is for the questions no. 5 and 6.

Dina is feeding her rabbit. She gives it some spinach and carrots. The rabbit is very hungry. It crunches the carrot very quickly. She doesn't forget to give a bowl of water to the rabbit. Dina likes to take care of her rabbit.

O. VYIIGUIS LICULALIBUULI	5.	What	is the	text about	?
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- a. an animal
- b. a pet
- c. Dina
- d. carrot

6. Look at the sentence, "It crunches the carrot quickly". What does the word "It" refer to?

a. spinach

b. Dina

c. rabbit

The text is for the questions no. 7 and 8.

This morning I took a detective story book from the shelf in the living-room. It tells the story of a robber. The robber was searching for buried treasure on a small island near Jakarta. He was not alone on the island. A woman detective was following him. She knew the robber was on the island after she saw big foot prints on the sand. She decided to wait for him behind an old statue. Suddently, she saw a man in a black jacket digging a hole not far from her hiding place. She was holding her gun very tightly. What would happen next? I have not finished reading the story yet.

7. Who was on the island?

a. a man and a robber

c. the writer and a robber

b. a woman and the writer

- d. a man and a detective
- 8. Look at the sentence, "She was holding her gun very tightly". What does the word "tightly" mean?
 - a. firmly
- b. quickly
- c. weakly
- d. exactly

Read the text to answer questions number 9, 10, 11

Goal

: How to make mung bean porridge

Ingredients:

One cup of mung bean

- 4 tablespoonfuls of sugar
- ½ teaspoonful of salt
- 5 cups of water

Steps:

- 1. Firstly, wash the mung bean.
- 2. Secondly, boil the water.
- 3. Then, put the mung bean into the boiling water.
- 4. Next, let the mung bean become tender.
- 5. After that, add the salt and the sugar.
- 6. Finally, simmer for 30 minutes and serve mung bean porridge

9. What is the purpose the text above?

- a. To inform us about how to make mung bean porridge
- b. To announce about how to make mung bean porridge
- c. To tell us about how to make mung bean porridge
- d. To give insturction about how to make mung bean porridge

10. How much salt do you add to the porridge?

a. Five cups

c. One cup

b. Four teaspoonfuls

d. Half teaspoonful

11. Next, let the mung bean become tender. The underlined word means....

- a. Hard
- b. Soft
- c. Cold
- d. Hot

The text for no 12,13,14

Kampung Naga is a part of the village of Neglasari. It is the Selawu district,regency of Tasikmalaya, West Java. The peaceful and green village is only 500 metres from the main road between Garyt and Tasikmalaya. To reach the place, people need to go down a stairway of 350 steps. It leads from the side of highway to place of Ciwulan river. The village is located on a hillside by the river. Most of Kampung Naga villagers are either farmers or farm labourers. They live very simple. They do not demand much. For example, the rich man in the village lives in a house which is not different from any other in the village. There is no television set, no bad with mattress, no sofa, not even a cupboard. They do not paint their house either. There are many taboos in the Kampung Naga society, known as 'tilu basa' (three taboos): pamali (advice not doing certain conduct), teu hade (prohibition to commit bad things), and cadu (prevention of destroying environment).

- 12. The purpose of the text is....
 - A. to describe the way people of Kampung Naga live
 - B. to inform some unique places
 - C. to amuse readers with a beautiful tourism spot
 - D. to describe Kampung Naga
- 13. "To reach the place, people need to go down a stairway of 350 steps." This means that Kampung Naga is
 - A. above the road texture B. on the peak of hill C. Surmount D. on the slope of hill
- 14."They live very simple." The underlined phrase means

A. modest

B. poor

C. well-to-do

D. in shortage

Read the text and answer the questions!

THE PRINCE AND HIS BEST FRIENDS

Once upon a time, there lived a kind young prince named Jonathan. He was loved, and adored by his people. His two close friends were Peter Piper, the servant of the palace and Franklin Greedy, the Son of an Aristocrat.

One day,the Prince,Peter Piper,and Franklin Greedy were walking through the forest.Suddenly a group of bandits attacked the three boys near an old house.They entered the old house and blockaded the gate and the doors. The three boys were trapped inside the house.

Franklin was very terrified and asked the Prince to surrunder immediately, but Peter was not afraid. He urged and supported the Prince not to give up. The Prince decided not to surrender because he realized that he would become a hostage for the bandits to ask for ransom to his father, it made Peter suspicious about Franklin's behaviour, so he quitely made up a plan for him and the Princeto escape.

Early at down, Franklin opened the front gate and unlocked the doors. The bandits entered the house in search of the Prince. When they came to the room where the Prince was supposed to be sleeping, no one was there. Suddenly they heard a horserunning outside the house and saw over the window that Peter Piper and the Prince were riding away on one of the bandit's horses.

It turns out, Peter Piper sneaked out of the house and waited in the yard, while the Prince was hiding behind the house. The bandits were very angry at Franklin and took him with them while the Prince and Peter went safely going back to the Capital.

15. What kind of person was Prince Jonathan	15.	What	kind of	person	was Prince	Jonathan	7
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A. He was arrogant

C. He was cruel

B. He was unwish

D. He was kind

16. Who were Prince Jontha A. Peter Piper and Fran B. Peter Piper and band C. Bandits and Franklin D. Three boys	klin Greedy lits		
 What happened when th A. They were attacked b B. They were hiding in the 	y group of bandits	iends were walking in C. They threw the bo D. The bandits were	ttle in the forest
 Why did Franklin try to p A. He was so suspicious B. He wanted to live 		surrender ? Because . C. He was very terrifi D. He hated bandits	
 How did the Prince mana A. By fighting them brav B. By hiding behind the 	ely	bandits ? C. He persuaded the D. He made an agree	
industries.Most governmen village want to move to citie The villagers move to but most of them don't. The civil servants or employees work in informal sectors, su	INDONESIAN ety consist of rural at their livings by farmin dustries are usually so it offices are also centres. In cities in great numbers of private enterprises uch as food sellers, por enly populated, the dethe growth of trade at	nd urban society. Rug. Some make their limall-scale industries, do in cities. Cities and ed in cities. Therefore rs to get jobs. Some good education can be. The unskilled and utters, and house servatemand for daily needs and new merchants.	vings by working in so they don't need e the centre of big , most people in the get what they want recome government neducated can only nts.
20. How do the villagers male A. becoming employees B. becoming government C. farming or working in D. enjoying the life in the	ke their living? By of private enterprises to civil servants the home industries		
21. The second paragraph is A. how poeople live	about in cities B. the condition	C. rural people	D. big industries
22. Why do most villagers m A. there are no industrie B. they are skilled and e	s in their village	e C. there are many jo D. they no longer like	
23. "Home industries are usu workers." (paragrap1) The underlined word me A. instrument		tries so they don't nee C. balance	d many D. size
24. What is needed for a per A. farming experience		n C. ability to compete	D. skill in trade

The following text is for questions no. 25 to 28.

Mt. Everest rises 29,035 feet above sea level, making it the tallest mountain on earth. It is found in Asia in the Himalayan mountain range on the border between Nepal and Tibet.

Everest was named for Sir George Everest, the first person to record its height and location. Tibetans call it Chomolangma (Goddess Mother of the Snows); the Nepalese call it Sagarmatha (Mother of the Universe).

There are two main routes for climbing Everest: the northwest ridge in Tibet and the southeast ridge in Nepal. In 1921, British explorers investigated the Tibetan route. At that time, the Nepal border was closed to foreigners. In 1924, two British climbers attempted to reach the top of Everest, but they never returned. This route was tried until 1950 when China took control of Tibet and closed its borders.

When Nepal opened its border in 1949, climbers began using the southeast ridge. On May 29, 1953, Everest was finally conquered by Edmund Hillary of New Zealand and Tenzing Norgay, his Sherpa guide, using this route.

By 2001, almost 1,500 climbers had reached the summit. Of the 175 who died on Everest, 42 reached the summit but died on the way down.

In 1975, Junko Tabei of Japan became the first woman to reach its summit. In 1978, Reinhold Messner of Italy climbed it without taking extra oxygen tanks and in 1980 he climbed it alone. In 2003, 15-year-old Mingkipa Sherpa of Nepal became the youngest person to reach the top and 70-year-old Yuichiro Miura of Japan became the oldest. Local Sherpa guides have set many other records.

- 25. Based on the text, all the sentences below are false, EXCEPT....
 - a. Sir George Everest was the first person to climb to the top of Mount Everest.
 - b. Edmund Hilary used the Nepal route to reach the summit of Mount Everest.
 - c. Junko Tabei was the youngest person to climb Mount Everest.
 - d. The Tibetan route to the top is now the route that is used most often.
- 26. Why is Tensing Norgay famous? Because....
 - a. he was a guide to climb the summit of Mount Everest on May 29, 1953
 - b. he and Edmund were the first people who reached the summit of Mount Everest.
 - c. he climbed alone to reach the summit of Mount Everest using Nepal route
 - d. he was successful to climb the summit of Mount Everest using the northwest route
- 27. Look at the underlined word at the sentence "....became the first woman to reach <u>its</u> summit." at the last paragraph. What does the word <u>"its"</u> refer to?
 - a. the Himalayan mountain

c. the Mount Everest

b. the Tibet route

d. the northwest ridge

28. Sir George Everest was the first person to <u>record</u> the height of the mountain. What does the underlined word mean?

a. write down

b. climb up

c. listen to

d. find out

The following text is for questions no. 29 to 30.

My family lives in the country. On our farm we have a well. We use well water for cooking and drinking. It is a new well. My uncle found the well. He is a water witch.

Last summer, our old well went dry. We had no water. My father telephoned his brother. Uncle Jack came to the house with a large tree branch. It looked like a "Y." He held the branch in both hands and walked around the farm. But, he didn't find any water.

He tried again. He walked slowly around the farm for a long time. Suddenly, the stick began to bend. Something pulled the stick to the ground. It was very strange. Uncle Jack said, "Here. Dig here. There is water here."

My father and brothers began to dig. They dug and dug. Uncle Roy said, "There's no water here!"

Suddenly, my brother shouted, "Water!"

- 29. The best title of the text above is
 - a. well water
- b. water witch
- c. finding water

d. new well

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30. How did Uncle Jack find the water?

will be gone.

36. A. Look

37. A. cut

38. A. clear

- A. by digging and digging the ground
- B. by walking around the farm for a long time.
- C. by using a large tree branch like a "Y"

D. by bending the stick to the ground. Read the letter and answer the questions! Manado, 26th May, 2010 Dear John, We're having a great time here at sequa pgrk. I see a lot of deer and there are not many people here. Yesterday we hiked all day, then swam in the river next to our campsite. Tomorrow we plan to rent a boat to have a cruise. I have got close friends here. Some of them are Jeani, Bob and Winda. They always accompanied me to visit some interesting places. I will come back to Jakarta on june 7th. Love Sharley 31. Who is sender of the letter above? A. Sharley B. John C. Winda D. Bob 32. How many days will Sharley stay in Manado? A. about a week C. almost a month B. less then a week D. not more than 5 days Read the text and answer the question! Last week the students of class 8 went camping. The campsite was in a village near Kaliurang. It was about 10 kms south of Mount Merapi. There was a stream with clean water nearby, and the air was so cool and fresh. It was really a good place for camping. All the students of class 8 had to take part in camping. Only those who were sick couldstay At home. Some teachers also took part in the camping activity. The camping activity lasted for two days. The weather was good during the camping. Everybody had their own useful experience. They all enjoyed the camping. 33. Who went camping? A. all the students of the school C. all the students of class 8 B. all thestudents of class 7 D. all of the teachers 34. Paragraph 2 tell us that A. the teachers went camping too B. sick students could stay at home C. all teachers and students joined the camping activity D. some teachers and students joined the camping activity 35. "It was about 10 kms ... "(paragraph 1). The word "It" in the sentence above refers to A. stream B. Kaliurang C. Mount Merapi D. campsite For questions no 36,37,38, choose the suitable word to complete the text below . Some years ago the forest in Indonesia...(36)... from the air like an unbroken carpet of green. But today we only find some trees in the forests because people...(37)...them for timber. They also...(38)...the forest for farms, mines and settlements. If we do't stop this, our forest

B. Looks

B. are cutting

B. are clear

D. are looking

D. will cut

D. will clear

C. Looked

C. cleared

C. have cut

39. Choose the best arrangement of the words to make correct sentence.

a glass of - please - a spoonfull of - into - add - sugar - milk 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

A. 5-4-1-7-2-3-6

B. 5-6-4-3-1-7-2

C. 5-3-6-4-1-7-2

D. 5-3-6-1-7-2

- 40. Arrange the following sentences into good paragraph!
 - 1. the male elephant walks behind
 - 2. and the other famales and their young follow her
 - 3. she walks in front of the group
 - 4. the leader of the elephant
 - 5. if there is a trouble, the male elephants make a circle around the others

A. 3-4-2-1-5

B. 4-3-2-1-5

C. 3-2-1-4-5

D. 4-2-3-5-1

The following text is for questions no. 41.

SCHOOL TRIP TO GOLDEN SANDS BEACH

On 28th of August, there will be a school trip to Golden Sands beach

Departure time: 07.30 a.m.

Programs

: Swimming, games, volleyball, and lunch in The Sea

View restaurant

Afternoon: walk along the beach to the lagoon

And watch the beach festival

Fee

: Rp. 50.000.00

Contact persons: Vita, Zaskia

Chairperson

Anne Saragih

41. What does the word "LAGOON" mean?

a. an area of high cliff near the beach

b. an area of sea water sparated by a reef

c. a large pond near the sea

d. a coral island

The following text is for questions no. 42 to 45.

Once upon a time there was a strange bear who lived in a jungle. He had five feet. But all animals who lived with him didn't feel strange. The five footed bear liked to help other animals. His home was open for anyone who wanted to stay.

One afternoon, when the five footed bear went home, he found a rabbit under a mahogany tree. The rabbit looked hungry. Then the five footed bear brought him to his home.

The next day, when the five footed bear was looking for meal, the rabbit helped him clean up the house. While the rabbit was working, a monkey and a mouse deer came quietly. They pretended to be robbers. They wanted to disturb the rabbit.

The rabbit was frightened. The monkey and the mouse deer tied up the rabbit's legs and plugged his mouth. Fortunately the five footed bear came and released him. The rabbit was upset because the bear wasn't angry with the monkey and the mouse deer. In fact, the five footed bear let them live in his house.

On the next day the monkey and the mouse deer asked the rabbit to forgive them. They helped him clean up the house. In the evening when the bear was coming home, he brought them meals and a new friend. The monkey and the mouse deer were very afraid knowing who the new friend was. He was a tiger. But the rabbit wasn't afraid. The tiger was one of the rabbit's best friends. The monkey and the mouse deer didn't know it. The monkey and the mouse deer were very embarrassed. That was the cleverness of the five footed bear. He wanted to make them aware of their bad habit of frightening the rabbit. Then they sat and enjoyed their dinner together.

42. What is the best title of the text above?

- a. strange bear
- b. kind strange bear

- c. five-footed bear
- d. the rabbit and the bear

43. How was the five-footed bear? a. He was generous b. He was helpful	c. He was good d. He was fair
44. Who had the bad habit among the anima	ils in the text?
a. a rabbit	c. a monkey
b. a tiger	d. a bear
45. Look at the sentence "The rabbit was <u>up</u> monkey". What does the underlined w	
a. sad	c. sick
b. jealous	d. angry
For number 46, 47, 48, choose the suitable v	
Bus transportation is the(46)mean	
(47) in accordance to schedules and th(48)the tourist trade.	ere are excursion bus services to cater
	a abanast
46. a. cheap b. cheaper	c. cheapest d. cheapest of
47. a. operate	
b. operates	c. operatingd. operated
48. a. in	c. for
b. at	d. with
49. Arrange the words into a good sentence!	
40. Arrange the words into a good sentence:	
divides into parts Scie	ntist the four body

c. 4 - 1 - 5 - 7 - 2 - 6 - 3

body

a. 4 - 3 - 5 - 7 - 1 - 2 - 6 b. 4 - 7 - 1 - 2 - 5 - 3 - 6

d. 4-1-6-5-7-2-3

50. Arrange the paragraph into a good story.

Soul music became popular in the 1960s. Soul music came from black gospel music and rhythm and blues. This music soon became popular with black and white people.

In the 1940s, many black workers moved into the cities. They listened to a new music. It was a mix of blues and jazz. It was called "rhythm and blues" or "R&B." Because black people enjoyed the music, it was called "race music."

C

In the 1980s, a new kind of music came out of the black community. It was called "rap" music. "Rap" means "talk." Rap songs "talk" about the problems in the black community and America.

D

Country and western music is America's oldest traditional music. Country and western music began in the 1800s. It is a mix of folk music, religious music and popular songs. Country and western songs are often about common people and every day life.

a. A - B - C - D

c. A - C - B - D d. D - B - A - C

b. D - C - B - A